

A presentation to OASBO by Chris Beinecke and Nicole Studer with Towers Watson

November 13, 2014



Meeting Agenda

- Welcome and Introductions
- ACA Employee Overview
- Section 6055/6056 Reporting
- Questions?

Full-time Determination Measurement

Process Overview

Full-Time Determination Measurement Process Overview *Employee Definitions*

- The final regulations provide us with four different definitions of employee for measurement purposes
 - Full-time employee
 - Part-time employee
 - Variable-hour employee
 - Seasonal employee

Full-Time Determination Measurement Process Overview Employee Definitions (continued)

Full-Time and Part-Time Employees Defined

Full-Time Employee

Definition — An employee who is employed an average of at least 30 hours of service per week and/or who does average at least 30 hours of service per week over the course of a measurement period.

- Factors employers may consider when determining whether an employee is full-time include:
 - (i) Whether the employee is replacing an employee who was a full-time employee
 - (ii) The extent to which employees in the same or comparable positions are considered full-time employees
 - (iii) Whether the job was advertised, or otherwise communicated or otherwise documented, as requiring hours of service that would average 30 or more hours a week

Part-Time Employee

Definition — An employee who an employer reasonably expects, based on the facts and circumstances, to be employed an average of less than 30 hours of service per week and/or who does average less than 30 hours of service per week over the course of a measurement period.

Full-Time Determination Measurement Process Overview Employee Definitions (continued)

Variable-Hour and Seasonal Employees Defined

Variable-Hour Employee

Definition — An employee for whom the employer cannot readily determine is reasonably expected to work on average at least 30 hours per week.

- Factors to consider include:
 - (i) Whether the employee is replacing an employee who was a variable-hour employee
 - (ii) The extent to which employees in the same or comparable positions are considered variable hour
 - (iii) Whether the job was advertised, or otherwise communicated or otherwise documented, as requiring hours of service that would vary above and below an average of 30 hours of service per week

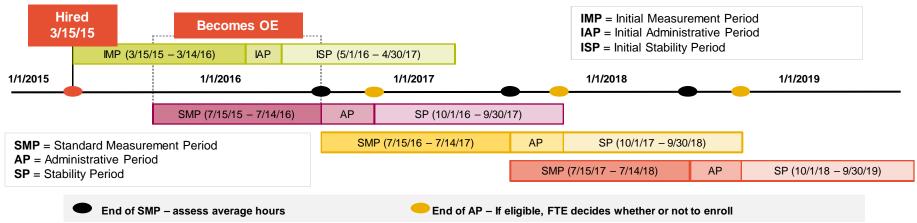
Seasonal Employee

Definition — A worker who performs labor or services on a seasonal basis, as defined by the Secretary of Labor.

- A seasonal employee includes one who is in a position for which the customary annual employment period is no more than six months, and the period occurs during the same part of each calendar year (e.g., summer or winter)
- An employee may still be considered a seasonal employee should employment be extended in a particular year beyond its customary duration due to special circumstances (i.e., an employee brought in to help complete holiday orders is kept over due to a higher-than-expected order volume)

Full-Time Determination Measurement Process Overview Life Cycle of Full-Time Employee

Projected SMP cycle of July 15 through July 14



Section 6055/6045 Reporting

Quick Overview of the Section 6055/6056 Reporting Rules

Section 6055 Individual Mandate Reporting

- Purpose: This reporting requirement supports the IRS
 enforcement of the individual mandate to maintain minimum
 essential coverage (MEC). Individuals will use the reporting
 information to complete their personal income tax returns
 (perhaps also attaching it similar to Form W-2) to avoid the
 individual mandate penalty.
- Who is responsible: Plan sponsors for self-insured coverage (typically the employer); insurance carriers for insured coverage; plan sponsor for multiemployer plan (often the plan's board of trustees) or insurance carrier(s) if insured

How:

- Self-insured coverage Parts I and III of Form 1095-C to the employee; Form 1094-C to the IRS (Forms 1095-C will be attached)
- Insured or Multiemployer plan coverage Form 1095-B
- Timing: Beginning with the 2015 calendar year, reporting is due by the following January 31 to employees and March 31 to the IRS. Reporting is based on the calendar year without regard to plan year.

Section 6056 Employer Mandate Reporting

- Purpose: This reporting requirement is intended to help the IRS determine which individuals were eligible for subsidies in the public insurance marketplace and whether the corresponding employer(s) should be subject to penalties
- Who is responsible: Large employers (>100 FTEEs* in 2015;
 >50 FTEEs* thereafter) are required to report certain information to full-time employees (FTEs) and the IRS regarding coverage offered (or not offered) to FTEs during the calendar year
- How: Parts I and II of Form 1095-C to the FTE; Form 1094-C to the IRS (Forms 1095-C will be attached)
- Timing: Beginning with the 2015 calendar year, reporting is due by the following January 31 to employees and March 31 to the IRS. Reporting is based on the calendar year without regard to plan year

^{*} FTEEs means "full-time equivalent employees"; this number is determined using both full-time and part-time employees.

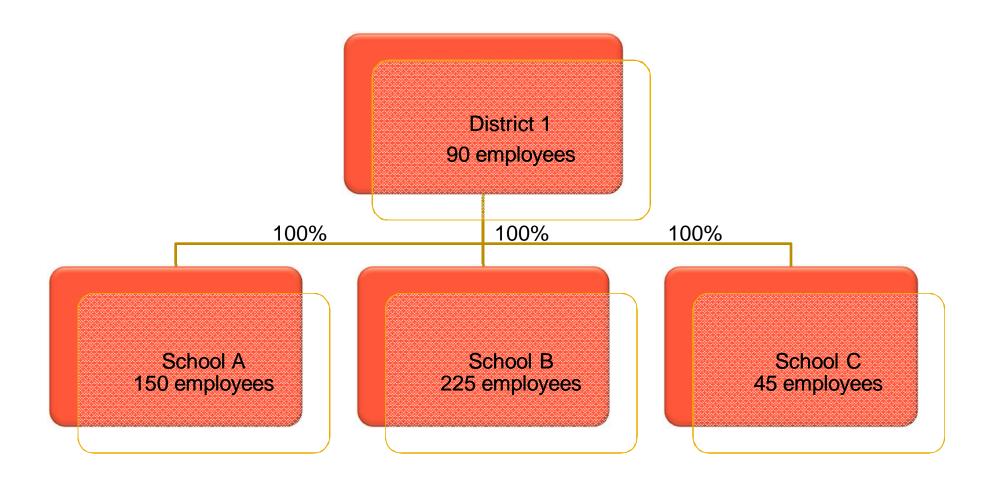
Quick Overview of the Section 6055/6056 Reporting Rules (continued)

- Section 6055 and 6056 reporting may ultimately be referred to as Form 1094/1095 reporting, but they are one and the same. The forms and their instructions now exist in draft form.
- An individual who changes employers and/or switches between self-insured and insured coverage during a calendar year may receive more than one Form 1095 for that year
 - Example: An individual works as an FTE for Employer A for four months during 2015 and is covered under Employer A's self-insured MEC plan. The individual changes jobs and is employed as an FTE by Employer B for the remainder of the 2015 calendar year but switches from Employer B's insured to self-insured MEC coverage during that time (via special enrollment due to marriage). For 2015, the individual will receive a Form 1095-C from both Employer A and B and a Form 1095-B from the insurance carrier for the portion of time covered under Employer B's insured plan.
- Penalties will apply to health insurance issuers or to self-insured employers that fail to file the information with the IRS or to provide a copy to individuals (e.g., \$100 per return up to \$1.5 million per year)
 - Penalties may be reduced or waived if the failure was due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect

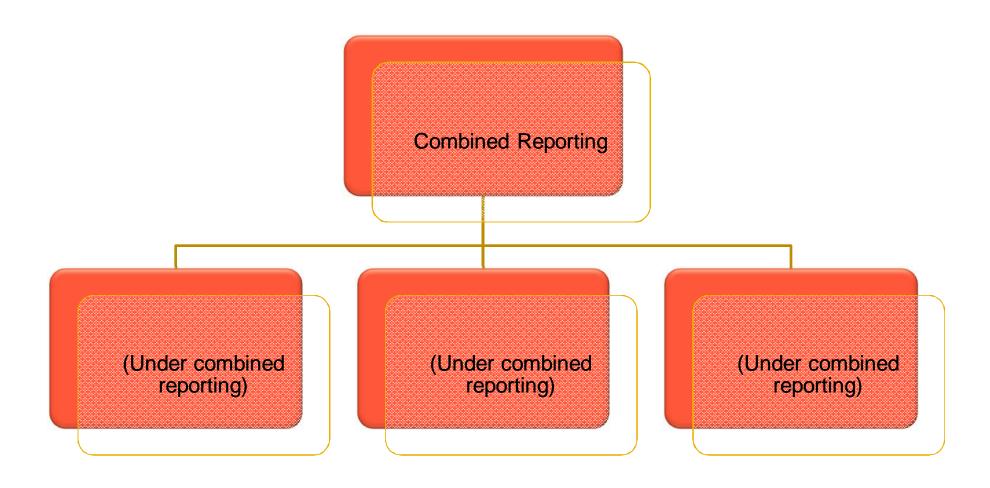
ALEs and ALEMs

- Applicable Large Employer (ALE) An ALE is an employer that employed at least 50 FTEEs (>100 FTEEs for 2015) during the previous calendar year. An employer that was not in existence on any business day for the previous calendar year is an ALE for the current calendar year if it reasonably expects to employ, and actually does employ, an average of at least 50 FTEEs (>100 FTEEs for 2015) during the current calendar year.
 - Employers that belong to a common control group (using the IRS rules for determining control
 group status) are aggregated together for the purposes of determining whether they are ALEs.
 This means many smaller entities will actually be treated as large employers for the purposes of
 the measurement and reporting rules.
 - Governmental entities may rely on a good-faith application of the control group rules for their circumstances
- Applicable Large Employer Member (ALEM) An ALEM is essentially a member of a control
 group meeting the following two characteristics:
 - It exists as a legal entity and has its own FEIN/Tax ID
 - It actually has employees with hours of service (i.e., the entity is not merely a shell)
 - A parent or related control group member may provide the actual reporting support, but the Section 6055 and 6056 reporting must generally take place and be submitted at the ALEM level (except that governmental entities may designate one entity to act on their behalf)

If Your Organizational Structure Looks Like...



Governmental Entities Can Elect to Report Through a Single ALEM



Form 1095-C — Individual Reporting Statement

- Part I requires basic information about the employee and employer. The information reported in Part I
 is shared by the Section 6055 and 6056 reporting requirements.
- Part II reflects the Section 6056 reporting requirements
 - An employer is literally only required to provide the information in Part II to FTEs, although employers may find it administratively easier to provide this information for all employees
 - Rows 14 and 16 are code driven, and the employer will select the appropriate code for that
 individual for the corresponding months (or uses the box for all 12 months if applicable). There are
 codes for individuals who are not FTEs.
 - The information required in Part II can be affected by the simplified reporting options
- Part III reflects the Section 6055 reporting requirements for self-insured coverage
 - An employer is required to provide MEC information for all covered employees (including FTEs and part-time employees) and their covered dependents, if any
 - An employer may reflect the date of birth instead of an SSN for a covered dependent in a given year, but an employer must follow a good-faith process to request an SSN in order to do this
 - For the purposes of Section 6055 reporting, coverage for any day of the month shall count as coverage for the month. Different rules can apply to employers for the purposes of meeting the requirement to "offer" coverage

Form 1095-C — Reporting to Individuals

Form 1095	:_e	Fmi	nlover-	Provided	Health In	Surai	nce C)ffer	and	Cove	rage			/OID		1	OMB No.		0115 51
Department of the T	Treasury				95-C and its se									CORRE	ECTED		20	14	
Part I Em						_			Appli	cable L	arge	Emplo	ver Me	ember	(Emp	lover)			
1 Name of employ				2 Soc	ial security numbe	r (SSN)	7 1	Name of					,				identifica	tion num!	ber (EIN)
3 Street address (including apartm	ent no.)		+0	0.6		9 5	Street ad	dress (inc	cluding ro	om or sui	te no.)	1		10	Contact t	elephone	number	-
1.03	F	GH	<u> 1</u>					0:44.			40.0	4			40	^t	7ID 1-		A a final and a
4 City or town	5	State or provi	nce	6 Cour	ntry and ZIP or forei	gn postal o	code 11	City or to	wn	7	12 5	ate or pr	ovince		13	Country ar	nd ZIP or fo	reign posi	tal code
Part II Emp	All 12 Months							h		1.1.			1 0.		0-1		N		
14 Offer of Coverage (enter required code)	All 12 Months	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Ma	ay	June	П	July		Aug	Sej	рі	Oct		Nov		Dec
15 Employee Share of Lowest Cost Monthly Premium, for Self-Only Minimum Value Coverage	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	5	\$		\$		\$	5	\$	\$		\$	
16 Applicable Section 4980H Safe Harbor (enter code, if applicable)																			
	rered Individ		ured cove	rage, check th	e box and ent			on for e	ach co	vered ir	ndividua								
(a) Name	e of covered indiv	idual(s)		(b) SSN	(c) DOB (If SSI not available		Covered 12 months	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	(e) May) Months June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
17																			
18																			
19																			
20																			
21																			
22																			
For Privacy Act :	and Paperwor	k Reduction	Act Notice	e, see separate	instructions.					Cat.	No. 6070	5M					Form	1095-	C (2014)

Code Series 1

Code Series	1					
Code	Description					
1A	MEC, MV, affordable coverage offered to full-time employee, spouse and children. Affordable based on 9.5% federal poverty level.					
1B	MEC, MV coverage offered to employee only.					
1C	MEC and MV offered to employee and MEC offered to children, but not spouse.					
1D	MEC, MV coverage offered to employee and MEC offered to spouse, but not to children.					
1E	MEC, MV coverage offer to employee and MEC offered to spouse and children.					
1F	MEC (not MV) offered to employee, spouse and children.					
1G	Coverage offered to non-FTE and enrolled in self-funded coverage for one or more months in the year. If enrolled all 12 months, enter code in "All 12 Months" box.					
1H	Coverage not offered to employee or coverage is not MEC.					
11	Qualified Offer Transition Relief 2015. Employee, spouse, children not offered coverage or not offered MEC coverage or was able to enroll in MEC for less than 12 months.					

Code Series 2

Code Series	s 2
Code	Description
2A	Employee not employed during any day in the month.
2B	Employee not an FTE and did not enroll in MEC, if offered, for the month.
2C	Employee enrolled in coverage offered during the month (regardless of other codes that might apply).
2D	Employee is in a limited non-assessment period: January 1 to March 31 of first year an employer becomes an ALE; maximum 90-day waiting periods; during a Measurement period; upon PT to FT status change mid-month, remainder of month of change and 3 following months; for mid-month hires, days of month prior to hire.
2E	Multiemployer interim rule relief applies.
2F	Using W-2 affordability safe harbor rule.
2G	Using federal poverty level affordability safe harbor.
2H	Using rate of pay affordability safe harbor rule.
21	Non-calendar year transition relief applies.

Form 1095-B — Individual Mandate Statement

- If an employee is covered by insured MEC, the insurance carrier will be responsible for providing the Section 6055 reporting to the employee on Form 1095-B. This insurance carrier reporting will take the place of employer reporting on Form 1095-C, Part III.
- Self-insured multiemployer plans are treated as insured plans for the purposes of Section 6055 reporting, and MEC under a multiemployer plan will be reported to the covered employee on Form 1095-B

Form 1095-B — Reporting to Individuals for Insured Coverage

1005 P	1D		Γ			9				OID		1 (OMB No.		0115
Form 1095-B Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service	ation about Form 10	Health Co			t www.ii	rs.gov/fe	orm1095	ib.		ORRE	CTED		20	14	Ĭ
Part I Responsible Individual (Pol	icy Holder)									4	4				
Name of responsible individual	TO	hai	r '	2	Social s	ecurity nu	mber (SS	N)	М	3 Date of	of birth (If	SSN is no	ot availab	le)	
4 Street address (including apartment no.)	710	5 City or town		6	State or	province				7 Coun	try and ZI	P or forei	gn postal	code	
8 Enter letter identifying Origin of the Policy (see	instructions for cod	es):		9	Small Bu	siness He	alth Option	s Program	(SHOP) N	Marketplac	e identifier,	if applica	ble		
Part II Employer Sponsored Cove	rage (If Line 8 is	A or B. complete the	nis part.)		_		-	_							-
10 Employer name									1	1 Empl	oyer ident	tification	number (E	EIN)	
12 Street address (including room or suite no.)		13 City or town		14	State o	r province	•		1	5 Cour	try and ZI	IP or fore	ign posta	I code	
Part III Issuer or Other Coverage F	Provider														
16 Name				17	Employ	er identif	cation nu	mber (EIN	V) 1	8 Cont	act teleph	one num	ber		
19 Street address (including room or suite no.)		20 City or town		21	State o	r province	•		2	.2 Cour	try and ZI	IP or fore	ign posta	l code	
Part IV Covered Individuals (Enter t	he information fo	or each covered inc	dividual(s).)											
(a) Name of covered individual(s)	(b) SSN	(c) DOB (If SSN is not available)	(d) Covered all 12 months					(€) Months	of covera	ge				
				Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
_23															
24															
25															
26				Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш		Ш		Ш	Ш	Ш
27															
															
28 For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act	Notice are constat	e instructions					. No. 607	DAB.					Form	1095.	B (2014)

Form 1094-C — Employer Transmittal

- Part I requires basic information about the employer
 - Most employers will only use rows 1 through 8
 - If governmental entities designate a member of their control group to file on their behalf, the designated governmental entity will use rows 9 through 16
- Part II reflects information about the number of attached Forms 1095-C, whether the employer belongs to a control group and whether it qualifies for any simplified reporting options
- Part III reflects information about the employer's number of employees and FTEs per month
- Part IV requires the employer to identify the other members of its control group

Form 1094-C — Reporting Package to IRS

Form 1094-C	Transmittal of Employer-P	rovided Health Ins	urance Offer and	CORRECTED	ئا ك الـ OMB No. 1545-2251
Form I U34-U		nformation Return			0044
Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service	▶ Information about Form 1094-C and				2014
	_arge Employer Member (ALE Member)			4 4	
1 Name of ALE Member (Em	oloyer)	er T	2 Employer identification number (EIN)	14	
3 Street address (including re	oom or suite no.)		0, 40		
4 City or town	DO	5 State or province	6 Country and ZIP or foreign postal code		
7 Name of person to contact		MOH	8 Contact telephone number		
9 Name of Designated Gover	nment Entity (only if applicable)		10 Employer identification number (EIN)		
11 Street address (including re	oom or suite no.)			For Offi	cial Use Only
12 City or town		13 State or province	14 Country and ZIP or foreign postal code	п.	~~ ~
15 Name of person to contact			16 Contact telephone number		шш
17 Reserved		*			
18 Total number of Form		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * 			>
PENTIL ALE MEMBE	er information				
19 Is this the authoritati	ve transmittal for this ALE Member? If "Yes," o	check the box and continue.	If "No," see instructions		
20 Total number of For	ns 1095-C filed by and/or on behalf of ALE Me	ember			>
21 Is ALE Member a me	ember of an Aggregated ALE Group?				. Yes No
If "No," do not comp	olete Part IV.				
22 Certifications of Eli	gibility (select all that apply):				
A. Qualifying Offe	r Method B. Qualifying Offer Met	hod Transition Relief	C. Section 4980H Transition	Relief [D. 98% Offer Method
Under penalties of perjury, I	declare that I have examined this return and accom-	panying documents, and to the l	pest of my knowledge and belief, they a	are true, correct, and o	complete.
Ĭ.					
Signature		Title		Date	
For Privacy Act and Paper	work Reduction Act Notice, see separate instruc	tions.	Cat. No. 61571A		Form 1094-C (2014

Form 1094-C — Reporting Package to IRS (continued)

Form 10	94-C (2014))P	AET /	190)E	120215 Page 2
Part	III ALE Membe	Offer I	sential Coverage ndicator	(b) Full-Time Employee Count for ALE Member	(c) Total Employee Count for ALE Member	(d) Aggregated Group Indicator	(e) Section 4980H Transition Relief Indicator
23	All 12 Months	Yes	CIO	1	5. 2	014	
24	Jan		55	NOT	-		
25	Feb		DU	NOI			
26	Mar						
27	Apr						
28	May						
29	June						
30	July						
31	Aug						
32	Sept						
33	Oct						
34	Nov						
35	Dec						

Form 1094-C — Reporting Package to IRS (continued)

	A A				150312
Form 1094-C (2014)					Page 3
Part IV Other ALE Members of A	Aggregated ALE Gro	oup			

Enter the names and EINs of Other ALE Members of the Aggregated ALE Group (who were members at any time during the calendar year).

	Name	EIN	Name EIN
36	OCIC	ner	51 3, 2014
37			52
38			53
39			54
40			55
41			56
42			57
43			58
44			59
45			60
46			61
47			62
48			63
49			64
50			65

Form 1094-C (2014)

Simplified Reporting Options

- The final regulations provide for three simplified reporting options that relieve an employer from having to provide certain information on Forms 1094/1095
 - A simplified reporting option may apply to some, but not all, employees, meaning an employer may still have to provide comprehensive reporting for a significant population
 - Employers will have to decide whether using a simplified reporting option is to their advantage administratively
- An employer may qualify for and take advantage of more than one simplified reporting option based on its circumstances

Simplified Reporting Options — Qualifying Offer

Qualifying Offer — An employer provides a Qualifying Offer to any FTE if:

- 1. The employer offers the FTE MEC meeting both minimum value and affordability
- 2. For the purposes of this option, affordability is based solely on the mainland Federal Poverty Limit for the calendar reporting year (approximately \$92/month in 2014)
- The Qualifying Offer was made for each month the individual was an FTE during the calendar reporting year

Simplified reporting impact of a Qualifying Offer:

- An employer must leave Form 1095-C, Part II, row 15 blank. This does not appear discretionary.
- For FTEs receiving Qualifying Offers for all 12 months, the draft instructions indicate an employer may satisfy its Form 1095-C obligation solely by providing a statement* containing (a model statement will be available at a later date):
 - The employer's name, address and EIN
 - An employer contact name and telephone number
 - A statement that a Qualifying Offer was made for all 12 months of the year, and the employee (and spouse/dependents, if any) is ineligible for a subsidy in the public insurance marketplace during the calendar reporting year

^{*}The meaning of this alternative statement language is unclear and presumably applies only to Part II of Form 1095-C. If an employee were actually covered under an employer's self-insured plan, the employer would still be required to provide information for Part III of Form 1095-C (and therefore, Part I as well).

Simplified Reporting Options — 95% Qualifying Offer (2015 only)

- 95% Qualifying Offer (2015 only) An employer provides a 95% Qualifying Offer to FTEs if:
 - 1. The employer made a Qualifying Offer to at least 95% of its FTEs
 - The Qualifying Offer includes spouses and dependent children
- Simplified reporting impact of a 95% Qualifying Offer:
 - An employer must leave Form 1095-C, Part II, row 15 blank. This does not appear discretionary.
 - An employer may satisfy its Form 1095-C obligation for any employee who does not receive a
 Qualifying Offer solely by providing a statement* containing (a model statement will be available at
 a later date):
 - The employer's name, address and EIN
 - An employer contact name and telephone number
 - A statement that the employee (and spouse/dependents, if any) may be eligible for a subsidy in the public insurance marketplace for one or more months during the calendar reporting year
 - FTEs who receive Qualifying Offers should be provided the statement described previously

^{*}The meaning of this alternative statement language is unclear and presumably applies only to Part II of Form 1095-C. If an employee were actually covered under an employer's self-insured plan, the employer would still be required to provide information for Part III of Form 1095-C (and therefore, Part I as well).

Simplified Reporting Options — 98% Offer

98% Offers — An employer provides a 98% Offer if:

- 1. The employer offers MEC meeting both minimum value and affordability to at least 98% of its employee workforce required to receive a Form 1095-C
 - This will include both FTEs and non-FTEs covered under an employer's self-insured plan (the employer would be required to provide at least Parts I and III of Form 1095-C to these individuals)
- 2. For the purposes of this option, affordability may be based on the W-2, rate of pay or Federal Poverty Limit methods for the calendar reporting year
- The employer met these requirements for each month in the calendar reporting year

Simplified reporting impact of a 98% Offer:

- An employer may leave Form 1094-C, Part III, column (b) blank
- It is unclear, but presumably, an employer may use Code 1E for row 14 and Codes 2F, 2G or 2H for row 16 of Form 1095-C, Part II instead of using any codes identifying the employee as an FTE and may leave row 15 blank. Further instructions from the IRS would be welcome.

Questions